

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently amended) ~~Material A~~ set material for neutron shielding and for maintaining sub-criticality, comprising:

a matrix based on a vinylester resin selected from the group consisting of bisphenol A-type epoxy(meth)acrylate resins, novolac-type epoxy(meth)acrylate resins, epoxy(meth)acrylate resins based on halogenated bisphenol A, and resins obtained from an isophthalic polyester and a urethane, at least one polyamide, and an inorganic filler capable of slowing and absorbing neutrons, the ~~organic~~ inorganic filler comprising at least one hydrogenated inorganic compound and at least one inorganic boron compound.

2. (Original) Material according to claim 1, in which the polyamide is an aliphatic polyamide.

3. (Original) Material according to claim 2, in which the polyamide is chosen from among 11 polyamides, 12 polyamides, 6-12 polyamides and mixes of them.

4. (Canceled)

5. (Previously presented) Material according to claim 4, in which the vinylester resin is a novolac-type epoxy(meth)acrylate resin.

6. (Canceled)

7. (Currently amended) Material according to claim 1, in which the hydrogenated inorganic compound is chosen from the group ~~composed~~ consisting of alumina hydrates and magnesium hydroxide.

8. (Currently amended) Material according to claim 1, in which the inorganic boron compound is chosen from the group ~~composed~~ consisting of boric acid, colemanite, zinc borates, boron carbide, boron nitride and boron oxide.

9. (Previously presented) Material according to claim 1, in which the hydrogenated inorganic compound is alumina hydrate with formula  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$ .

10. (Previously presented) Material according to claim 1, in which the inorganic boron compound is zinc borate with formula  $\text{Zn}_2\text{O}_{14.5}\text{H}_7\text{B}_6$  or boron carbide.

11. (Previously presented) Material according to claim 1, with an atomic concentration of hydrogen between about  $4.5 \times 10^{22}$  and  $6.5 \times 10^{22}$  at/cm<sup>3</sup>.

12. (Previously presented) Material according to claim 1, with an atomic concentration of boron between about  $8 \times 10^{20}$  and  $3 \times 10^{21}$  at/cm<sup>3</sup>.

13. (Original) Material according to claim 1, in which the vinylester resin accounts for between 30 and 45% of the total mass of this resin, the polyamide and inorganic filler being capable of slowing and absorbing neutrons.

14. (Original) Material according to claim 13, in which the polyamide accounts for between 10 to 30% of the total mass of the vinylester resin, the polyamide and inorganic filler being capable of slowing and absorbing neutrons.

15. (Original) Material according to claim 1, with a density of between 1.3 and 1.6.

16. (Currently amended) Process for preparation of a set material for neutron shielding and for maintaining sub-criticality comprising a matrix based on a vinylester resin

selected from the group consisting of bisphenol A-type epoxy(meth)acrylate resins, novolac-type epoxy(meth)acrylate resins, epoxy(meth)acrylate resins based on halogenated bisphenol A, and resins obtained from an isophthalic polyester and a urethane, at least one polyamide and an inorganic filler capable of slowing and absorbing neutrons, the ~~organic~~ inorganic filler comprising at least one hydrogenated inorganic compound and at least one inorganic boron compound, comprising:

- (a) mix the vinylester resin, the polyamide, and the inorganic filler comprising at least one hydrogenated inorganic compound and at least one inorganic boron compound capable of slowing and absorbing neutrons, with at least one resin polymerization accelerator,
- (b) add at least one resin polymerization catalyst to this mix,
- (c) degas the mix under a vacuum,
- (d) pour the mix obtained into a mould, and
- (e) allow the mix to set in the mould.

17. (Original) Process according to claim 16, in which the mould is composed of a compartment of a packaging for transport, interim storage and/or ultimate storage of radioactive products.

18. (Currently amended) Packaging for transport, interim storage and/or ultimate storage of radioactive materials, comprising at least one shield formed from the material as defined in any one of ~~claims 1-5~~ claims 1-3, 5, and 7-15.